

Product Data Sheet

L.MONO CONFIRMATORY AGAR BASE Product No. GB-DCM-00280-1A

INTENDED USE

For selective and differential isolation of Listeria monocytogenes from clinical & food samples.

Product Description

Listeria monocytogenes is a gram-positive foodborne human pathogen responsible for serious infections in pregnant women that may ultimately result in abortion, stillbirth, birth of a child with neonatal listeriosis and meningitis or primary bacteremia in adults and juveniles. The pathogenicity of Listeria ivanovii for humans is uncertain. Since L. monocytogenes and L.innocua have similar biochemical properties, they cannot be differentiated on traditional media (PALCAM, Oxford). L. mono Confirmatory Agar Base is a modification of the formulation of Ottoviani and Agosti for the selective and differential isolation of Listeria monocytogenes.

COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr		
Special peptone	30.000		
Yeast extract	6.000		
Sodium chloride	5.000		
Lithium chloride	10.000		
Disodium hydrogen phosphate anhydrous	2.500		
B.C. indicator	8.600		
alpha-Methyl D-mannoside	3.000		
Agar	12.000		

PRINCIPLE

This medium consists of Special peptone and yeast extract which serve as nitrogen sources and provide essential nutrients required for the growth of Listeria. α - Methyl-D-mannoside is the fermentable carbohydrate. Lithium chloride and added selective supplements inhibit accompanying microflora and thus enhance the selectivity of the medium for Listeria species. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium and disodium hydrogen phosphate buffers the medium. Differentiation of L. monocytogenes from other Listeria species is based on phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C (PIPLC) activity and fermentation of α - Methyl D-mannoside. Phospholipase C enzyme is an important virulence factor and is specific to only L. monocytogenes and L.ivanovii . Phospholipase C enzyme produced by L.monocytogenes and L.ivanovii hydrolyses the purified substrate added to the medium and results in the formation of an opaque halo around the colonies.



Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recover y	Colour of colony	PIPLC Activity	Incubation Temperatu re	Incubatio n Period
Candida albicans	10231	>=10 ³	Inhibited	0%	-		35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Enterococcus faecalis	29212	50-100	Inhibited	0%	-		35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Escherichia coli	25922	50-100	Inhibited	0%	-		35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Listeria innocua	33090	50-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	Yellow	Negative	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Listeria grayi	19120		Luxuriant	>=70%	Yellow	Negative	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Listeria ivanovii	19119		Luxuriant	>=70%	Light purple	Positive, opaque halo around the colony exhibiting phosphatidylinosi tol specific phospholipase activity	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Listeria monocytogenes	19112		Luxuriant	>=70%	Yellow	Positive, opaque halo around the colony exhibiting phosphatidylinosi tol specific phospholipase activity	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Listeria seeligeri	35967		Luxuriant	>=70%	Light purple	Negative	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Listeria welshimeri	43549		Luxuriant	>=70%	Yellow	Negative	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27853	>=10 ³	Inhibited	0%	-	-	35-37 °C	24 - 48 Hours



INSTRUCTION FOR USE

- Dissolve 38.5 grams in 470 ml purified/distilled water.
- Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C.
- Aseptically add sterile rehydrated contents of 1 vial of L.Mono Selective Supplement I and 1 vial of L.Mono Selective Supplement II. For enrichment, add sterile contents of 1 vial of L.Mono Enrichment Supplement II.
- Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates. Warning: Lithium chloride is harmful. Avoid bodily contact and inhalation of vapors. On contact with skin, immediately wash with plenty of water.

QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder: Beige to purple homogeneous free flowing powder.

Appearance of prepared medium: Purple coloured, opalescent gel forms in Petri plates.

PH (at 25°C): 7.2±0.2

STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

This product is for research use only.