

Product Data Sheet

MILK AGAR Product No. GB-DCM-00436-1A

INTENDED USE

For enumeration of bacteria in milk and milk products, rinse waters and ice creams etc.

PRODUCT SUMMARY

The milk secreted in an uninfected cow's udder is sterile. Contamination of this milk can occur during milking, cooling and storage. Milk is an excellent medium for bacteria, yeast and moulds. Their rapid growth can cause marked deterioration, spoiling the milk for liquid consumption or manufacture into dairy products. Human infection can occur by consumption of such contaminated milk or milk products. Milk Agar is recommended for performing plate count tests on milk, rinse waters and dairy products. It is formulated as per the official medium described by Department of Health Memo. It is also recommended by EUROGLACE (EEC Ice Cream Industries) for the examination of ice cream. For milk, dilutions of 1/10, 1/100 and 1/1000 are prepared with 1/4 strength Ringer solution. 1 ml of each dilution is pipetted aseptically into sterile Petri plates to which 10 ml of sterile and cooled Milk Agar is added and mixed well. Plates should be poured within 15 minutes of dilution preparation. After solidification of medium the plates are allowed to stand for 1 hour before transferring to the incubator. Incubate at 35°C for 2 or 3 days at 30°C. Higher counts may be obtained after an incubation at 22°C and 30°C temperature rather than at 35°C. Count the colonies within 4 hours after the incubation and read it as per ml of sample.

Product Specifications

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr
Peptone	5.000
Yeast extract	3.000
Milk solids	1.000
Agar	15.000

PRINCIPLE

Peptone and yeast extract provide essential nutrients while Milk solids are a source of casein. Dextrose is the carbon and energy source. Proteolytic bacteria will be surrounded by a clear zone, due to the conversion of casein into soluble nitrogenous compounds.

UALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder: Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder.

Appearance of prepared medium: Light yellow coloured slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri

Plates.

pH (at 25°C): 7.2±0.2

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INSTRUCTION FOR USE

- Dissolve 24.0 grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water.
- Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.
- Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.
- Cool to 45-50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Recovery	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Bacillus subtilis subsp. spizizenni	6633	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	35-37°C	18-48 Hours
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27853	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	35-37°C	18-48 Hours
Lactobacilus casei	9595	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	35-37°C	18-48 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	25923	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	35-37°C	18-48 Hours
Serratia marcescens	8100	50-100	Good- luxuriant	>=50%	35-37°C	18-48 Hours

STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on

the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

This product is for research use only.